

SYNTHESIS OF 1H-PYRANO[2,3-c]PYRAZOLE-4-ONES

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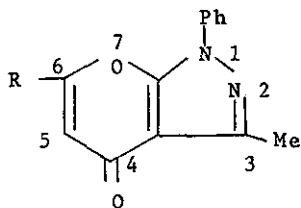
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Various derivatives of the ring system- 1H-pyrano-  
 [2,3-c]pyrazole-4-one have been obtained by the conden-  
 sation of 4-acetyl-3-methyl-1-phenylpyrazol-5-one with  
 appropriate esters followed by cyclization with acids.  
 Further reactions gave other derivatives of 1H-pyrano-  
 [2,3-c]pyrazole-4-one.

A number of 1H-pyrano[2,3-c]pyrazole-6-ones are known for quite  
 sometime<sup>1</sup> but in contrast its other isomeric system the 1H-pyrano-  
 [2,3-c]pyrazole-4-one has not been described. We have now synthe-  
 sized a number of 1H-pyrano[2,3-c]pyrazole-4-ones in good yields.

The condensation of 4-acetyl-3-methyl-1-phenylpyrazol-5-one (I)<sup>2</sup>  
 and diethyl oxalate in the presence of sodium ethoxide in ethanol  
 gave a pyruvate which on cyclization with hydrochloric acid gave  
 ethyl 3-methyl-4-oxo-1-phenyl-1H-pyrano[2,3-c]pyrazole-6-carboxyl-



- II R= CO<sub>2</sub>Et  
 III R= CO<sub>2</sub>H  
 IV R= Me  
 V R= Ph  
 VI R= CONH<sub>2</sub>  
 VII R= CN  
 VIII R= tetrazol-5'-yl

ate (II) in 86% yield. II: mp 184-185°; ir  $\nu_{\max}^{\text{KBr}}$ : 1738 (C=O, ester); 1655 cm<sup>-1</sup> (C=O, pyrone). nmr (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.00 (s, 1H, C<sub>5</sub>H); 2.60 (s, 3H, C<sub>3</sub>Me); 7.62 (m, 5H, N<sub>1</sub>Ph); 1.40 (t, 3H, J=7.5 Hz, ester Me) and 4.40 (q, 2H, J=7.5 Hz, ester CH<sub>2</sub>). Hydrolysis of II with a mixture of hydrochloric acid and glacial acetic acid gave the acid III in 74% yield. III: mp 281-282° (decomp.); ir  $\nu_{\max}^{\text{KBr}}$ : 3000-2500 (br., OH); 1720 (C=O, acid); and 1630 cm<sup>-1</sup> (C=O, pyrone); nmr (CDCl<sub>3</sub>/DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$ : 6.82 (s, 1H, C<sub>5</sub>H); 2.50 (s, 3H, C<sub>3</sub>Me); and 7.65 (m, 5H, N<sub>1</sub>Ph).

When I was condensed with ethyl acetate in the presence of sodium hydride in dioxane and the diketone thus formed was cyclized with hydrochloric acid, 3,6-dimethyl-1-phenyl-1H-pyrano[2,3-c]pyrazole-4-one (IV) was obtained in overall 31% yield. IV: mp 152-153°; ir  $\nu_{\max}^{\text{KBr}}$ : 1660 cm<sup>-1</sup> (C=O, pyrone); nmr (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 5.98 (s, 1H, C<sub>5</sub>H); 2.38 (s, 3H, C<sub>6</sub>Me); 2.60 (s, 3H, C<sub>3</sub>Me); and 7.47 (m, 5H, N<sub>1</sub>Ph). A similar condensation of I with ethyl benzoate gave V in 71% yield.

V: mp 210-211°; ir  $\nu_{\max}^{\text{KBr}}$ : 1655  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  (C=O, pyrone); nmr ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$ : 6.64 (s, 1H,  $\text{C}_5\text{H}$ ); 2.63 (s, 3H,  $\text{C}_3\text{Me}$ ); and 7.62 (m, 10H,  $\text{N}_1\text{Ph}$  and  $\text{C}_6\text{Ph}$ ).

Treatment of an ethanolic solution of II with ammonia gave the amide VI in 79% yield. VI: mp 272-273°; ir  $\nu_{\max}^{\text{KBr}}$ : 3400 (NH); 1695 (C=O, amide); and 1660  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  (C=O, pyrone); nmr ( $\text{DMSO-d}_6$ )  $\delta$ : 6.85 (s, 1H,  $\text{C}_5\text{H}$ ); 2.52 (s, 3H,  $\text{C}_3\text{Me}$ ); and 7.80 (m, 5H,  $\text{N}_1\text{Ph}$ ). VI on heating in  $\text{N,N}$ -dimethylformamide with *p*-toluenesulfonyl chloride and pyridine<sup>3</sup> resulted in the formation of VII. yield 91%. VII: mp 150-151°, ir  $\nu_{\max}^{\text{KBr}}$ : 2230 (C≡N); and 1665  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  (C=O, pyrone); nmr ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$ : 6.78 (s, 1H,  $\text{C}_5\text{H}$ ); 2.61 (s, 3H,  $\text{C}_3\text{Me}$ ); and 7.60 (m, 5H,  $\text{N}_1\text{Ph}$ ). While reaction of the nitrile VII with sodium azide in  $\text{N,N}$ -dimethylformamide<sup>4</sup> afforded the 3-methyl-1-phenyl-6-(tetrazol-5'-yl)-1H-pyrano[2,3-c]pyrazole-4-one (VIII) in 87% yield. VIII: mp 267-268°; ir  $\nu_{\max}^{\text{KBr}}$ : 3070 (NH); and 1655  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  (C=O, pyrone); nmr ( $\text{CDCl}_3/\text{DMSO-d}_6$ )  $\delta$ : 7.05 (s, 1H,  $\text{C}_5\text{H}$ ); 2.58 (s, 3H,  $\text{C}_3\text{Me}$ ), and 7.62 (m, 5H,  $\text{N}_1\text{Ph}$ ). All the compounds gave satisfactory elemental analyses.

Further work on these lines is in progress.

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