

## SYNTHESIS OF THIENAMYCIN AND RELATED COMPOUNDS

Tetsuji Kametani, Shyh-Pyng Huang, Shuichi Yokohama, Yukio Suzuki,

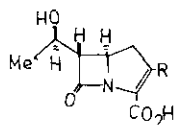
Masataka Ihara, and Keiichiro Fukumoto

Pharmaceutical Institute, Tohoku University, Aobayama,

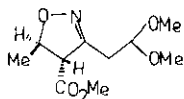
Sendai 980, Japan

The stereoselective synthesis of an important key intermediate for the synthesis of ( $\pm$ )-thienamycin (**1**) and an efficient synthetic method for the synthesis of descysteamylthienamycin (**2**) derivatives have been developed as follows. By 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition, the nitrile oxide, derived from 3-nitropropanal dimethyl acetal, was added to methyl crotonate to give regio- and stereoselectively trans-4-methoxycarbonyl-3-(2',2'-dimethoxyethyl)-5-methylisoxazoline (**3**). Reduction of **3** in the presence of hydrogen (5~6 atm) and Adams catalyst in acetic acid yielded quantitatively a stereo-isomeric mixture of the amino alcohol (**4**). Hydrolysis of **4** followed by treatment with dicyclohexylcarbodiimide gave mainly two trans-azetidinones (**5** and **6**) together with a small amount of the cis-isomer. On the other hand, reaction of **4** with methylmagnesium iodide yielded the desired trans-azetidinone (**5**) along with a trace of the cis-one. The stereochemistry of one (**6**) of the trans-isomers was confirmed by X-ray analysis of a derivative. The trans-azetidinones (**5** and **6**) were protected with the p-nitrobenzyloxycarbonyl group and then converted to the alcohols and to the thioacetals. One of these thioacetals has already been correlated to thienamycin by a Merck research group.

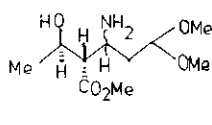
Synthesis of descysteamylthienamycin derivatives was accomplished using 8S<sup>+</sup>-trans-azetidinone (**6**). Protection of **6** with the o-nitrobenzyloxycarbonyl group followed by condensation with o-nitrobenzyl glyoxalate ethylhemiacetal, yielded the alcohol. On reaction with thionyl chloride and 2,6-lutidine, the alcohol gave the unstable chloro compound, which without purification was converted to the phosphorane. Deacetalization using p-toluenesulfonic acid in acetone, followed by neutralization, caused spontaneous intramolecular Wittig reaction to give ( $\pm$ )-8S<sup>+</sup>-descysteamylthienamycin protected with o-nitrobenzyl groups.

(1) R = -SCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>

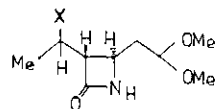
(2) R = H



(3)



(4)



(5) X = OH (R\*)

(6) X = OH (S\*)