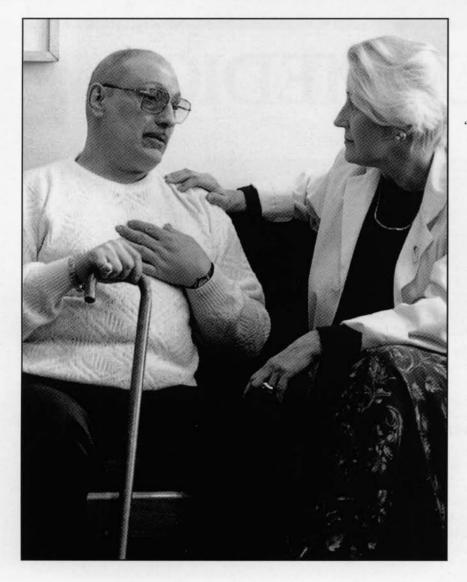
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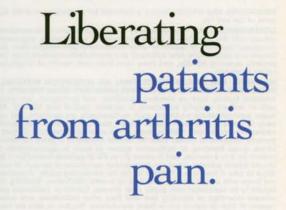
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*Usual adult dosage is 1200 mg (two 600-mg caplets) once a day. For osteoarthritis patients of low body weight or with milder disease, an initial dosage of one 600-mg caplet once a day, or an optional one-time loading dose of 1200 mg, may be appropriate. Dosage should be individualized to the lowest effective dose; the maximum recommended total daily dosage is 1800 mg or 26 mg/kg, whichever is *lower*, in divided doses.

Contraindicated in patients with hypersensitivity to DAYPRO or in individuals with nasal polyps, angioedema, or bronchospastic reactivity to aspirin or other NSAIDs. Severe and occasionally fatal asthmatic and anaphylactic reactions to NSAIDs have been reported; there have been rare reports of anaphylaxis with DAYPRO. As with other NSAIDs, the most frequently reported adverse reactions were related to the GI tract. In patients treated chronically with NSAID therapy, serious GI toxicity, such as bleeding, ulceration, and perforation, can occur. Severe renal and hepatic reactions have been reported. There may be a risk of fatal hepatitis with oxaprozin, such as has been seen with other NSAIDs.

Please see brief summary of prescribing information on adjacent page.

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BRIEF SUMMARY- DAYPRO[©] (oxaprozin) 600-mg caplets Before prescribing please see full prescribing information.

INDICATIONS AND USAGE: Daypro is indicated for the treatment of the signs and symptoms of OA and RA.

CONTRAINDICATIONS: Hypersensitivity to oxaprozin or any of its components or in individuals with the complete or partial syndrome of nasal polyps, angloedema, and bronchospastic reactivity to aspirin or other nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs). Severe and occasionally fatal asthmatic and anaphylactic reactions have been reported in patients receiving NSAIDs, and there have been rare reports of anaphylaxis in patients taking oxaprozin.

WARNINGS: RISK OF GASTROINTESTINAL (GI) ULCERATION, BLEEDING, AND PERFO-RATION WITH NONSTEROIDAL ANTI-INFLAMMATORY DRUG THERAPY: Serious gastrointestinal toxicity, such as bleeding, ulceration, and perforation, can occur at any time, with or without warning symptoms, in patients treated with NSAIDs. Although minor upper gastrointestinal problems, such as dyspepsia, are common, and usually develop early in therapy, physicians should remain alert for ulceration and bleeding in patients treated chronically with NSAIDs, even in the absence of previous GI tract symptoms. In patients observed in clinical trials for several months to 2 years, symptomatic upper GI ulcers, gross bleeding, or perforation appear to occur in approximately 1% of patients treated for 3 to 6 months, and in about 2% to 4% of patients treated for 1 year. Physicians should inform patients about the signs and/or symptoms of serious GI tract symptoms. In a prior to be associated with peptic ulcer disease. Elderly or debilitated patients seem to tolerate ulceration or bleeding less well than other individuals, and most spontaneous exports of fatal GI events are in these populations. Studies to date are inconclusive concerning the relative risk of various NSAIDs in causing such reactions. High doses of any NSAID probably carry a greater risk of these reactions, and substantial benefit should be anticipated to patients prior to prescribing maximal doses of Daypro.

PRECAUTIONS: General: *Hepatic effects*: As with other NSAIDs, borderline elevations of one or more liver tests may occur in up to 15% of patients. These abnormalities may progress, remain essentially unchanged, or resolve with continued therapy. The SGPT (ALT) test is probably the most sensitive indicator of liver dysfunction. Meaningful (3 times the upper limit of normal) elevations of SGOT (AST) occurred in controlled clinical trials of Daypro in just under 1% of patients. A patient with symptoms and/or signs suggesting of Daypro in just under 1% of patients. A patient with symptoms and/or signs suggesting liver dysfunction or in whom an abnormal liver test has occurred should be evaluated for evidence of the development of more severe hepatic reaction while on therapy with this drug. Severe hepatic reactions including jaundice have been reported with Daypro, and there may be a risk of fatal hepatitis with oxaprozin, such as has been seen with other NSAIDs. Although such reactions are rare, if abnormal liver tests persist or worsen, clin-ical signs and symptoms consistent with liver disease develop, or systemic manifestations occur (eosinophila, rash, fever), Daypro should be discontinued. Well-compensated hepatic cirrhosis does not appear to alter the disposition of unbound oxaprozin, so dosage adjustment is not necessary. However, the primary route of elimination of oxaprozin is posticit of some so caution should be observed in patients with severe hepatic dys-function. *Renal effects:* Acute interstitial nephritis, hematuria, and proteinuria have been reported with Daypro as with other NSAIDs. Long-term administration of some NSAIDs. to animals has resulted in renal papillary necrosis and other abnormal renal pathology. This was not observed with oxaprozin, but the clinical significance of this difference is unknown. A second form of renal toxicity has been seen in patients with preexisting con-ditions leading to a reduction in renal blood flow, where the renal prostaglandins have a supportive role in the maintenance of renal perfusion. In these patients administration of an NSAID may cause a dose-dependent reduction in prostaglandin formation and may supportive role in the maintenance or renal perfusion, in these patients administration or an NSAID may cause a dose-dependent reduction in prostaglandin formation and may precipitate overt renal decompensation. Patients at greatest risk of this reaction are those with previously impaired renal function, heart failure, or liver dysfunction, those taking diuretics, and the elderly. Discontinuation of NSAID therapy is often followed by recov-ery to the pretreatment sfate. Those patients at high risk who chronically take oxaprozin should have renal function monitored if they have signs or symptoms that may be con-sistent with mild azotemia, such as malaise, fatigue, or loss of appetite. As with all NSAID therapy concerning and RUN sistent with mild azotemia, such as malaise, fatigue, or loss of appetite. As with all NSAID therapy, patients may occasionally develop some elevation of serum creatinine and BUN levels without any signs or symptoms. The pharmacokinetics of oxaprozin may be significantly altered in patients with renal insufficiency or in patients who are undergoing hemodialysis. Such patients should be started on doses of 600 mg/day, with cautious dosage increases if the desired effect is not obtained. Oxaprozin is not dialyzed because of its high degree of protein binding. Like other NSAIDs, Daypro may worsen fluid retention by the kidneys in patients with uncompensated cardiac failure due to its effect on prostaglandins. It should be used with caution in patients with a history of hypertension, cardiac decompensation, in patients on chronic diuretic therapy, or in those with other conditions predisposing to fluid retention. *Photosensitivity:* Oxaprozin has been associated with rash and/or mild photosensitivity in dermatologic testing. An increased incidence of rash on sun-exposed skin was seen in some patients in a bieding can cardiac failure at the clinical trials. *Recommended laboratory testing:* Because serious Gi tract ulceration and bleeding can occur without warning symptoms, physicians should follow chronically treated patients for the without warning symptoms, physicians should follow chronically treated patients for the signs and symptoms of ulceration and bleeding and should inform them of the imporsigns and symptoms of ulceration and bleeding and should inform them of the impor-tance of this follow-up (see Warnings). Anemia may occur in patients receiving oxapro-zin or other NSAIDs. This may be due to fluid retention, gastrointestinal blood loss, or an incompletely described effect upon erythrogenesis. Patients on long-term treatment with Daypro should have their hemoglobin or hematocrit values determined at appropriate intervals as determined by the clinical situation. Oxaprozin, like other NSAIDs, can affect platelet aggregation and prolong bleeding time. Daypro should be used with caution in patients with underlying hemostatic defects or in those who are undergoing surgical pro-cedures where a high decree of hemostasis is needed **Information for patients**. Daypro patients with underlying hemostatic defects or in those who are undergoing surgical pro-cedures where a high degree of hemostasis is needed. Information for patients: Daypro, like other drugs of its class, nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), is not free of side effects. The side effects of these drugs can cause discomfort and, rarely, serious side effects, such as gastrointestinal bleeding, which may result in hospitalization and even fatal outcomes. NSAIDs are often essential agents in the management of arthritis, but they may also be commonly employed for conditions that are less serious. Physicians may wish to discuss with their patients the potential risks (see Warnings, Precautions, and Adverse Reactions) and likely benefits of Daypro treatment, particularly in less-serious conditions where treatment without Daypro may represent an acceptable alternative to both the patient and the physician. Patients receiving Daypro may benefit from physician instruction in the symptoms of the more common or serious gastrointestinal, renal,

DAYPRO[®] (oxaprozin) 600-mg caplets

hepatic, hematologic, and dermatologic adverse effects. Laboratory test interactions: False-positive urine immunoassay screening tests for benzodiazepines have been reported in patients taking Daypro. This is due to lack of specificity of the screening tests. False-positive test results may be expected for several days following discontinuation of Daypro therapy. Confirmatory tests, such as gas chromatographymass spectrometry, will distinguish Daypro and aspirin is not recommended because oxaprozin displaces salicy-lates from plasma protein binding sites. Coadministration would be expected to increase the risk of salicylate toxicity. *Oral anticoagulants*: The anticoagulant effects of warfarin were not affected by the coadministration of 1200 mg/day of Daypro. Nevertheless, caution should be exercised when adding any drug that affects platelet function to the regimen of patients receiving oral anticoagulants. <u>Horecoptor antagonists</u>. The total body clearance of oxaprozin was reduced by 20% in subjects who concurrently received ther aptuc doses of cimetidine or ranitidine; no other pharmacokinetic parameter was affected. A change of clearance of this magnitude lies within the range of normal varia-tion and is unlikely to produce a clinically detectable difference in the outcome of therapy. <u>Beta-blockers</u>: Subjects receiving 1200 mg Daypro qd with 100 mg metoprolo bid exhib-ited statistically significant but transient increases in sitting and standing blood pressures after 14 days. Therefore, as with all NSAIDs, routine blood pressure antitoring should be considered in these patients when starting Daypro therapy. <u>Other drugs</u>. The cod-ministration of oxaprozin and antacids, acetaminophen, or conjugated estrogens resulted ministration of oxaprozin and antacids, acetaminophen, or conjugated estrogens resulted in no statistically significant changes in pharmacokinetic parameters in single- and/or mul-Into statistically significant changes in pharmacokinetic parameters in single statistic tiple-dose studies. The interaction of oxaprozin with lithium and cardiac glycosides has not been studied, **Carcinogenesis, mutagenesis, impairment of fertility:** In oncogenicity studies, oxaprozin administration for 2 years was associated with the exacerbation of liver neoplasms (hepatic adenomas and carcinomas) in male CD mice, but not in female CD studies, oxaprozin administration for 2 years was associated with the exacerbation of liver neoplasms (hepatic adenomas and carcinomas) in male CD mice, but not in female CD mice or rats. The significance of this species-specific finding to man is unknown. Oxa-prozin did not display mutagenic potential. Results from the Arnes test, forward mutation in yeast and Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells, DNA repair testing in CHO cells, micro-nucleus testing in mouse bone marrow, chromosomal aberration testing in CHO cells, micro-nucleus testing in mouse bone marrow, chromosomal aberration testing in CHO cells, micro-nucleus testing in mouse bone marrow, chromosomal aberration testing in CHO cells, micro-nucleus testing in mouse bone marrow, chromosomal aberration testing in CHO cells, micro-nucleus testing in mouse bone marrow, chromosomal aberration testing in CHO cells, micro-genetic toxicity or cell-transforming ability. Oxaprozin administration was not associated with impairment of fertility in male and female rats at oral doses up to 200 mg/kg/day (1180 mg/n²); the usual human dose is 17 mg/kg/day (629 mg/m²). However, testicular degeneration was observed in beagle dogs treated with 37.5 to 150 mg/kg/day (750 to 3000 mg/m²) of oxaprozin for 6 months, or 37.5 mg/kg/day for 42 days, a finding not con-firmed in other species. The clinical relevance of this finding is not known. **Pregnancy:** Teratogenic Effects—Pregnancy Category C. There are no adequate or well-controlled studies in pregnant women. Teratology studies with oxaprozin were performed in mice, rats, and rabbits. In mice and rats, no drug-related developmental abnormalities were observed at 50 to 200 mg/kg/day of oxaprozin (225 to 900 mg/m²). However, in rabbits, infrequent maiformed fetuses were observed in dms treated with 7.5 to 30 mg/kg/day of oxaprozin (the usual human dosage range). Oxaprozin should be used during pregnancy: only if the optential benefits justify the potential risks to the fetus. **Labor and delivery:** The effect tocia. Oxaprozin is known to have caused decreases in pup survival in rat studies. Accord-ingly, the use of oxaprozin during late pregnancy should be avoided. Nursing mothers: Studies of oxaprozin excretion in human milk have not been conducted; however, oxa-prozin was found in the milk of lactating rats. Since the effects of oxaprozin on infants are not known, caution should be exercised if oxaprozin is administered to nursing women. Pediatric use: Safety and effectiveness of Daypro in children have not been estab-lished. Geriatric use: Safety and effectiveness of Daypro in children have not been estab-lished. Geriatric use: No adjustment of the dose of Daypro is necessary in the elderly for *pharmacokinetic* reasons, although many elderly may need to receive a reduced dose because of low body weight or disorders associated with aging. No significant differences in the pharmacokinetic profile for oxaprozin were seen in studies in the healthy elderly. Although selected elderly patients in controlled clinical trials tolerated Daypro as well as younger patients, caution should be exercised in treating the elderly, and extra care should be taken when choosing a dose. As with any NSAID, the elderly are likely to tolerate adverse reactions less well than younger patients. ADVERSE REACTIONS: The most frequently reported adverse reactions were related to

be taken when choosing a dose. As with any NSAID, the elderly are likely to tolerate adverse reactions less well than younger patients. **ADVERSE REACTIONS:** The most frequently reported adverse reactions were related to the gastrointestinal tract. They were nausea (8%) and dyspepsia (8%). **INCIDENCE GREATER THAN 1%:** In clinical trials the following adverse reactions occurred at an incidence greater than 1% and are probably related to treatment. Reactions occurring in 3% to 9% of patients treated with Daypro are indicated by an asterisk!") into a second at an incidence greater than 1% and are probably related to treatment. Reactions occurring in 3% to 9% of patients treated with Daypro are indicated by an asterisk!") into a second second the analysis of the second sec

DRUG ABUSE AND DEPENDENCE: Daypro is a non-narcotic drug. Usually reliable animal studies have indicated that Daypro has no known addiction potential in humans.

studies have indicated that Daypro has no known addiction potential in humans. **OVERDOSAGE**: No patient experienced either an accidental or intentional overdosage of Daypro in the clinical trials of the drug. Symptoms following acute overdose with other NSAIDs are usually limited to lethargy, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting, and epigastric pain and are generally reversible with supportive care. Gastrointestinal bleeding and coma have occurred following NSAID overdose. Hypertension, acute renal failure, and respiratory depression are rare. Patients should be managed by symptomatic and supportive care following an NSAID overdose. There are no specific antidotes. Gut decontamination may be indicated in patients seen within 4 hours of ingestion with symptoms or following a large overdose is to 10 times the usual dose). This should be accomplished via emesis and/or activated charcoal (60 to 100 g in adults, 1 to 2 g/kg in children) with an osmotic cathartic. Forced diuresis, alkalization of the urine, or hemoperfusion would probably not be useful due to the high degree of protein binding of oxaprozin. See package insert for complete prescribing information.

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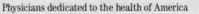
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plication developed from their desire to give nurses an effective way to interact with infants and families in an educational and interventional manner in the early postpartum period. Munck addresses the strength of the NBAS as a psychotherapeutic approach in the face of a particularly vulnerable parentchild unit. Her clinical vignettes demonstrate the value of interpreting an infant's behavior for a parent and of demonstrating the infant's innate strengths. She shows parents ways to recognize signs of stress in their infant and to decrease the environmental toll on their vulnerable child. Cardone and Gilkerson describe a specialized adaptation of the scale called "Family Administered Neonatal Activities." Their goal is to empower families in their model; the parents are instructed by a facilitator to perform the NBAS

items and to comment on and interpret their observations of their infant and themselves. This information is reflected and interpreted by the facilitator in an instructive and therapeutic manner. Cole addresses the use of the NBAS with high-risk neonates. Such infants are accurately perceived as more fragile and less accessible by their caregivers and their families. This application sensitizes parents and caregivers to infants' cues, to their tolerance levels, and to an appreciation of their neurophysiological progress.

Thus, the Neonatal Behavioral Assessment Scale, Third Edition, is a manual that includes rigorous research methods and a wide variety of clinical applications. Addressing the entire spectrum in this compact volume effectively gives the primary care clinician information at whatever depth is desired, from the most precise guidelines for test administration and scoring, to the philosophy and many clinical uses of the scale. The narrative descriptions of the test and the many sections on clinical applications and case vignettes are informative and compelling. I highly recommend this book to any member of a health care team who routinely works with neonates and families. It provides a concise, wellorganized, accessible clinical tool for enhancing the counseling of normal and at-risk newborns and their families and will greatly increase the practitioner's appreciation for the complex abilities of the newborn.

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RX Cardizem CD Start with one 180-mg capsule daily

No other diltiazem is therapeutically equivalent

Brief Summary of Prescribing Information as of December 1995A CARDIZEM® CD (diltiazem HCI) Cansules

CONTRAINDICATIONS

CARDIZEM is contraindicated in (1) patients with sick sinus syndrome except in the presence of a functioning ventricular pacemaker, (2) patients with second- or third-degree AV block except in the presence of a functioning ventricular pacemaker, (3) patients with hypotension (less than 90 mm Hg systolic), (4) patients who have demonstrated hypersensitivity to the drug, and (5) patients with acute myocardial infarction and pulmonary congestion documented by x-ray on admission.

WARNINGS

- WARNINGS 1. Cardiac Conduction. CARDIZEM prolongs AV node refractory periods without significantly prolonging sinus node recovery time, except in patients with sick sinus syndrome. This effect may rarely result in abnormally slow heart rates (particularly in patients with sick sinus syndrome) or second- or third-degree AV block (13 of 3290 patients or 0.40%). Concomitant use of diffazem with beta-blockers or digitalis may result in additive effects on cardiac conduction. A patient with Prinzmetal's aspina devel-oped periods of asystole (2 to 5 seconds) after a single dose of 60 mg of diffazem. (See ADVERSE REACTIONS section.)
- REACTIONS section.)
 Congestive Heart Failure. Although diitiazem has a negative inotropic effect in isolated animal tissue preparations, hemodynamic studies in humans with normal ventricular function have not shown a reduction in cardiac index nor consistent negative effects on contractility (dp/dt). An acute study of oral diffuzem in patients with impaired ventricular function (ejecition faction 24% ± 6%) showed improvement in indices of ventricular function without significant decrease in contractile function (dp/dt). Worsening of congestive heart failure has been reported in patients with preexisting impairment of ventricular function. Experience with the use of CARDIZEM (diltiazem hydrochloride) in combination with beta-blockers in patients with impaired ventricular function is limited. Caution should be exercised when using this combination.
 Hypotension. Decreases in blood pressure associated with CARDIZEM therapy may occasionally result in symptomatic thypotension.
- Hypotension. Decreases in blood pressure associated with CARDIZEM therapy may occasionally result in symptomatic hypotension.
 Acute Hepatic Injury, Mild elevations of transaminases with and without concomitant elevation in alkaline phosphatase and bilirubin have been observed in clinical studies. Such elevations were usually transient and frequently resolved even with continued dilfuzer transmit. In rare instances, signifi-cant elevations in enzymes such as alkaline phosphatase, LDH, SGOT, SGPT, and other phenomena consistent with acute hepatic injury have been noted. These reactions tended to occur early after therapy initiation (1 to 8 weeks) and have been reversible upon discontinuation of drug therapy. The relationship to CARDIZEM is uncertain in some cases, but probable in some. (See PRECAUTIONS.)

PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS General CARDIZEM (diltiazem hydrochloride) is extensively metabolized by the liver and excreted by the kidneys and in bile. As with any drug given over prolonged periods, laboratory parameters of renal and hepatic function should be monitored at regular intervals. The drug should be used with caution in patients with impaired renal or hepatic function. In subacute and chronic dog and rat studies designed to produce toxicity, high doses of diltiazem were associated with hepatic damage. In special subacute hepatic studies, oral doses of 125 mg/kg and higher in rats were associated with histological changes in the liver which were reversible when the drug was discontinued. In dogs, doses of 20 mg/kg were also associated with hepatic changes, however, these changes were reversible with continued dosing. Dermatological events (see ADVERSE REACTIONS section) may be transient and may disappear despite continued use of CARDIZEM. However, skin eruptions progressing to erythema multiforme and/or exfoliative dermatitis have also been infrequently reported. Should a dermatologic reaction persist, the drug should be discontinued.

exclusive dermatitis have also been infrequently reported. Should a dermatologic reaction persist, the drug should be discontinued.
Drug Interactions
Due to the potential for additive effects, caution and careful titration are warranted in patients receiving GARDIZEM concomitantly with other agents known to affect cardiac contractility and/or conduction. (See WARNINGS.) Pharmacologic studies indicate that there may be additive effects in prolonging AV conduction when using beta-blockers or digitalis concomitantly with CADIZEM. (See WARNINGS.) Pharmacologic studies indicate that there may be additive effects in prolonging AV conduction when using beta-blockers or digitalis concomitantly with CADIZEM. (See WARNINGS.) CADIZEM with other agents which follow the same route of biotransformation may result in the competitive inhibition of metabolism. Especially in patients with renal and/or hepatic impairment, dosages of similarly metabolized drugs, particularly those of low therapeutic ratio, may require adjustment when starting or stopping concomitantly administered difficament or cardiac conduction abnormalities. Administration of CARDIZEM del madures is usually well tolerated, but available data are not sufficient to predict the effects of concomitant treatment in patients with left ventricular dysfunction or cardiac conduction abnormalities. Administration of CARDIZEM (diffiazem hydrochoride) concomitantly to propranolol was increased approximately 50%. In vitro, propranolol appears to be displaced from its binding sites by diffiazem. I combination therapy is initiated or withdrawn in conjunction with propranolol, an adjustment in the grogranolol dose may be warranted. (See WARNINGS.)
Display to metabolize of diffiazem 60 mg. Ranitdine produced smaller, nonsignificant increase. The effect may is diffiazem plasma with cimetidine at 1200 mg per day and single dose of diffiazem 60 mg. Ranitdine produced smaller, nonsignificant increase. The effect may be mediate by cimetidine s Anody in Stehelline 20%. Another inves

The effect of cyclosporine on diltiazem plasma concentrations has not been evaluated

Carbamazepine. Concomitant administration of diltiazem with carbamazepine has been reported to result in elevated serum levels of carbamazepine (40% to 72% increase), resulting in toxicity in some cases Patients receiving these drugs concurrently should be monitored for a potential drug interaction.

Patients receiving these drugs concurrently should be monitored for a potential drug interaction. Carcinogenesis. Mutagenesis. Impairment of Fertillity A 24-month study in rats at oral dosage levels of up to 100 mg/kg/day and a 21-month study in mice at oral dosage levels of up to 30 mg/kg/day showed no evidence of carcinogenicity. There was also no mutagenic response in vitro or in vivo in mammalian cell assays or in vitro in bacteria. No evidence of impaired fertility was observed in a study performed in male and female rats at oral dosages of up to 100 mg/kg/day.

Pregnancy Category C. Reproduction studies have been conducted in mice, rats, and rabbits. Administration of Category C. Reproduction studies have been conducted in mice, rats, and rabbits. Administration of Category C. Reproduction studies have been conducted in mice, rats, and rabbits, Administration of doese ranging from five to ten times grader (on a my/kg basis) than the daily recommended therapeutic dose has resulted in embryo and fetal lethality. These doses, in some studies, have been reported to cause skeletal abnormalities. In the perinatal/postnatal studies, there was an increased incidence of still-births at doses of 20 times the human dose or greater. There are no well-controlled studies in pregnant women: therefore, use CARDIZEM in pregnant women only if the potential benefit justifies the potential risk to the fetus.

Nursing Mothers Dittazem is excreted in human milk. One report suggests that concentrations in breast milk may approx-imate serum levels. If use of CARDIZEM is deemed essential, an alternative method of infant feeding should be instituted.

Pediatric Use Safety and effectiveness in pediatric patients have not been established.

ADVERSE REACTIONS

Serious adverse reactions have been rare in studies carried out to date, but it should be recognized that patients with impaired ventricular function and cardiac conduction abnormalities have usually been excluded from these studies.

The following table presents the most common adverse reactions reported in placebo-controlled angina and hypertension trials in patients receiving CARDIZEM CD up to 360 mg with rates in placebo patients shown for comparison.

Adverse Reactions	Cardizem CD (n=607)	Placebo (n=301)
Headache Dizziness Bradycardia Bradycardia AV Block First Degree Edema EGG Abnormality Asthenia	5.4% 3.0% 3.3% 3.3% 2.6% 1.6% 1.8%	5.0% 3.0% 1.3% 0.0% 1.3% 2.3% 1.7%

In clinical trials of CARDIZEM CD capsules, CARDIZEM tablets, and CARDIZEM SR capsules involving ver 3200 patients, the most common events (ic, greater than 1%) were edema (4.6%), headache (4.6%), dizziness (3.5%), asthenia (2.6%), first-degree AV block (2.4%), bradycardia (1.7%), flushing (1.4%), nausea (1.4%), and rash (1.2%). In addition, the following events were reported infrequently (less than 1%) in angina or hypertension

Cardiovascular: Angina, arrhythmia, AV block (second- or third-degree), bundle branch block, conges-tive heart failure, ECG abnormalities, hypotension, palpitations, syncope, tachycardia, ventricular

Nervous System: Abnormal dreams, amnesia, depression, gait abnormality, hallucinations, insomnia,

Nervous System: Abnormal dreams, annesia, depression, gait abnormality, hallucinations, insomnia, nervousness, paresthesia, personality change, somnolence, tinnitus, tremor Gastrointestimal: Anorexia, constipation, diarrhea, dry mouth, dysguesia, dyspepsia, mild elevations of SGOT, SGPT, LDH, and alkaline phosphatase (see hepatic warnings), thirst, vomiting, weight increase Dermatological: Petechae, photosensitivity, puruitus, uriticaria Other: Amblyopia, CPK increase, dyspnea, epistaxis, eye irritation, hyperglycemia, hyperuricemia, impotence, muscle cramps, nasal congestion, nocturia, osteoarticular pain, polyuria, sexual difficulties The following postmarketing events have been reported intrequently in patients receiving CARDIZEM: allergic reactions, alopecia, angioedema (including facial or periorbital edema), asystole, erythema multi-forme (including Stevens-Johnson syndrome, taxic epidermal necrolysis), extollative dermatitis, extrapyramidal symptoms, gingival hyperplasia, hemolytic anemia, increased bleeding time, leukopenia, had thrombocytopenia. In addition, events such as myocardial infarction have been observed which are not readily distinguishable from the natural history of the disease in these patients. A number of well-documented cases of generalized rash, some characterized as leukocytoclastic vasculitis, have been reported. However, a definitive cause and effect relationship between these events and CARDIZEM therapy is yet to be established. Prescribing Information as of December 1995A

Prescribing Information as of December 1995A

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- *Cardizem CD is a benzothiazepine calcium channel blocker.
- † In clinical trials with Cardizem CD.
- FDA does not, at this time, consider other diltiazems to be therapeutically equivalent because bioequivalence has not been demonstrated through appropriate studies.

Please see brief summary of prescribing information on adjacent page.

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