

TRANSANNULAR REACTIONS ON 6,11-DIHYDRODIBENZO[b,e]THIEPINS

Kazuhiro Onogi and Masahiko Nagakura

Kowa Tokyo Laboratory, Kowa Co., Ltd., Higashimurayama, Tokyo, 189

Mikio Hori

Gifu College of Pharmacy, Mitahora, Gifu, 502

Novel two types of transannular reaction of 6,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,e]thiepins have been reported. The reactions between 11-methoxy-11-phenyl-6,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,e]thiepin 5-oxide (I) or 11-phenyl-6,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,e]thiepin-11-ol 5-oxide (II) and $SbCl_5$ in CH_2Cl_2 generated a stable dark green solution. With basic hydrolysis of this solution, 6,11-epoxy-11-phenyl-6,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,e]thiepin (III; mp 142°) was given obtained in 88-93% yield.

The reactions of I or II with 70% $HClO_4$ gave another transannular product, 5,11-epoxy-11-phenyl-6,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,e]thiepinium perchlorate (IV); mp 221° (decomp.), in good yield. When IV was hydrolyzed in alkaline solution or recrystallization from EtOH, IV migrated readily to give III via Stevens type rearrangement.

On the other hand, transannular products were obtained even by the reaction of 6-methoxy-6,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,e]thiepin-11-one (V) with Grignard reagents ($R'MgX$; $R'=CH_3, Ph$), and also that of 11-methyl-, 11-phenyl-, and other 11-substituted 6,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,e]thiepin-11-ols with N-chlorosuccinimide.