

TRICHILININ, A NEW HEXACYCLIC LIMONOID FROM *TRICHILIA ROKA*

Munehiro Nakatani, Takashi Iwashita[†], Kosei Mizukawa[†], and Tsunao Hase
 Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Kagoshima University,
 Kagoshima 890, Japan

[†]Suntory Institute for Bioorganic Research, Shimamoto-cho, Mishima-gun,
 Osaka 618, Japan

Abstract - A new limonoid, trichilinin, has been isolated from the root bark of *Trichilia roka* and its structure established by NMR and CD studies. It appears to be a biogenetic precursor of salannin.

Previously¹, we have reported on the structures of potent insect antifeedants, trichilins, from the root bark of East African medicinal plant *T. roka* (Meliaceae). In continuous work, we now isolated a new limonoid belonging to vilasinin class² as a minor component. The present paper concerns with the structure of this limonoid designated as trichilinin.

Final purification by HPLC after extensive chromatography of the ether extract of the root bark (365 g) afforded 9 mg of trichilinin (1), C₃₀H₄₀O₈, which exhibited the following spectral data. EI-MS: 528(M⁺), 468(M⁺-60), 453, 357; UV: 210 nm(ε 3700); IR: 3300-3600 cm⁻¹. From the ¹H NMR (360 MHz, CDCl₃) data, four tertiary methyl groups at δ 0.94(s, 10-Me), 1.12(s, 8-Me), 1.12(s, 13-Me) and 1.19(s, 4β-Me) were observed along with two acetoxy methyls at 1.91 and 2.13, a trisubstituted

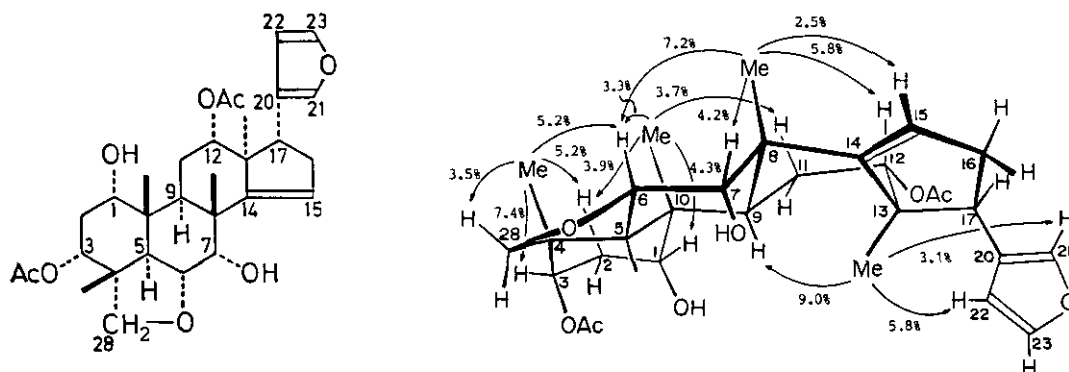


Fig. 1. Trichilinin (1), structure and NOE's between methyl and proton.

olefinic proton at 5.70(dd, $J = 3$ and 1.5 , 15-H), and a specific AB quartet at 3.59 ($J = 7.5$, 28 β -H) and 3.45(br, $J = 7.5$, 28 α -H), weakly coupled to 4 β -Me. Two methine protons under hydroxyl group at 3.45(br, 1-H) and 4.21(d, $J = 3$, 7-H), coupling with a methine proton at 4.16(dd, $J = 12$ and 3 , 6-H) linked to an ether oxygen, were also observed along with two protons under two acetoxyl groups at 5.09(dd, $J = 3$ and 2.5 , 3-H) and 5.07(dd, $J = 9$ and 7 , 12-H). A characteristic double doublet due to 17 β -H at 3.04($J = 11$ and 8) showed further weak coupling with furan protons at 7.23(21-H) and 7.35(23-H)^{1b}. Decoupling study of the spectrum allowed us to assign all coupled protons (Table 1). These assignments were confirmed with NOE measurements (4 β -Me/2 β -H, 3 β -H and 6 β -H; 8-Me/6 β -H, 7 β -H, 12 β -H and 15-H; 10-Me/1 β -H, 2 β -H, 6 β -H and 11 β -H; 13-Me/9-H, 21-H and 22-H), which revealed the gross conformation (Fig. 1). In particular, the location of the 12-acetoxyl group was confirmed by the NOE(5.8%) between the 8-Me and 12-H. The structure 1 was further supported by the ¹³C NMR spectrum (25 MHz, CDCl₃; Table 1); the assignments are based on the comparison with the data of the known related limonoids³⁻⁶.

The relationship between the furan, double bond and 7-hydroxyl group was also derived from the CD spectra of 1 and the benzoate 2. In the CD of 1 (Fig. 2), the

Table 1. ¹³C and ¹H NMR Data of Trichilinin (1)

C	δ	Mult	H	δ	Mult	J/Hz	coupled to	C	δ	Mult	H	δ	Mult	J/Hz	coupled to
1	71.8	d	1	3.45	br		2 α ,2 β ,OH	16	36.8	t	16 α	2.58	ddd	16,11,1.5	16 β ,17,15
2	30.1	t	2 α	1.98	dt	16.5,2.5	2 β ,1,3				16 β	2.47	ddd	16,8,3	16 α ,17,15
			2 β	2.30	dt	16.5,3	2 α ,1,3	17	50.3	d	17	3.04	dd	11,8	16 α ,16 β
3	74.0	d	3	5.09	dd	3,2.5	2 β ,2 α	18	27.1	q	18	1.12	s		
4	42.5	s						19	15.5	q	19	0.94	s		
5	38.9	d	5	2.42	d	12	6	20	124.6	s					
6	72.5	d	6	4.16	dd	12,3	5,7	21	140.2	d	21	7.23	dd	1.5,1.2	23,22
7	78.0	d	7	4.21	d	3	6	22	111.8	d	22	6.28	dd	2,1.2	23,21
8	45.3	s						23	142.0	d	23	7.35	dd	2,1.5	22,21
9	34.8	d	9	2.88	dd	17,8	11 β ,11 α	28	73.6	t	28 α	3.45	brd	7.5	28 β ,29
10	40.2	s									28 β	3.59	d	7.5	28 α
11	36.8	t	11 α	1.49	m		9,11 β ,12	29	19.1	q	29	1.19	brs		
			11 β	2.18	m		9,11 α ,12	30	15.6	q	30	1.12	s		
12	77.8	d	12	5.07	dd	9,7	11 β ,11 α				21.3	q	Ac	1.91	s
13	51.7	s						2x			169.6	s			
14	157.6	s						OAc			21.2	q	Ac	2.13	s
15	122.6	d	15	5.70	dd	3,1.5	16 β ,16 α				171.0	s			

¹³C and ¹H NMR spectra were recorded in CDCl₃ at 25 and 360 MHz, respectively.

positive Cotton effect at 221 nm is one of the two extreme of a split CD, which could be arized from the positively coupled oscillator of the furan and double bond. In the spectrum of 1,7-dibenzoate **2**, a CD curve with negative/positive Cotton effects at 238 nm/220 nm was observed. In view of the additivity relation on interactions between different chromophores⁷, the $\Delta\epsilon = +4.3$ value is a summation of two interactions of furan /double bond and 7-OBz/furan (negative)⁸, arising from negatively coupled oscillator; interactions of 1-OBz/7-OBz (dihedral angle is ca 0°) and 7-OBz/double bond are negligible.

Although there have been reported some meliacans being engaged in an ether linkage at C₂₈-C₆^{2,9,10}, the C-12 oxygen function as in **1** is at present unique. Trichilin could be biogenetically derived from sendanal (28-CHO)⁴ and also a precursor of salannin type limonoids¹¹ in which ring C was cleaved.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Authors are grateful to Professor K. Nakanishi, Columbia University, for giving the chance to investigate the present work. Thanks are also due to Professor I. Kubo, University of California, for his help in collecting the plant material and to Dr. S. F. Dossaji, University of Nairobi, for the identification of the plant.

REFERENCES AND NOTES

1. a) M. Nakatani, J. C. James, and K. Nakanishi, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 1981, **103**, 1228. b) M. Nakatani, I. Iwashita, H. Naoki, and T. Hase, *Phytochemistry*, 1985, **24**, 195.
2. P. V. Pachapurkar and P. M. Kornule, *Chem. Lett.*, 1974, 357.
3. M. Ochi, H. Kotsuki, T. Kataoka, T. Tada, and T. Tokoroyama, *Chem. Lett.*, 1978, 331.
4. M. Ochi and H. Kotsuki, *Chem. Lett.*, 1978, 621.
5. S. Siddiqui, B. S. Siddiqui, S. Faizi, and T. Mahmood, *Phytochemistry*, 1984, **23**, 2899.

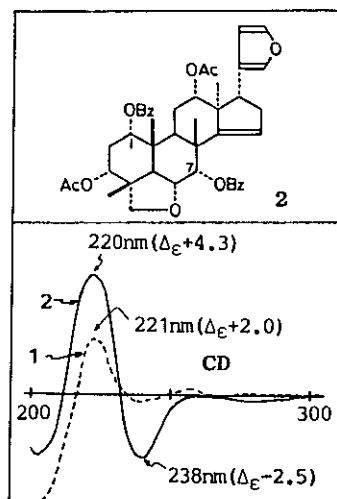


Fig. 2. CD spectra of **1** and **2**.

6. H. S. Garg and D. S. Bhakuni, Phytochemistry, 1985, 24, 866.
7. R. S. Stonard, D. A. Trainor, M. Nakatani, and K. Nakanishi, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 1983, 105, 130.
8. 7-OBz/furan of trichilin B 7-benzoate: 242 nm($\Delta\epsilon$ -3.2)/217 nm($\Delta\epsilon$ +7.2).
9. D. E. U. Ekong, C. O. Fakunle, A. K. Fasina, and J. I. Okogun, Chem. Commun., 1969, 1166.
10. K. K. Purushothaman, K. Duraiswamy, and J. Connolly, Phytochemistry, 1984, 23, 135.
11. R. Henderson, R. McCrindle, A. Melera, and K. H. Overton, Tetrahedron, 1968, 24, 1525.

Received, 10th September, 1986