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## SYNTHESIS OF [1,4]DITHIINO[2,3-*d*]PYRIMIDINE-6-CARBONITRILE DERIVATIVES VIA THE REACTION OF 2-[(4-CHLOROPYRIMIDIN-5-YL)SULFANYL]ACETONITRILES WITH CARBON DISULFIDE

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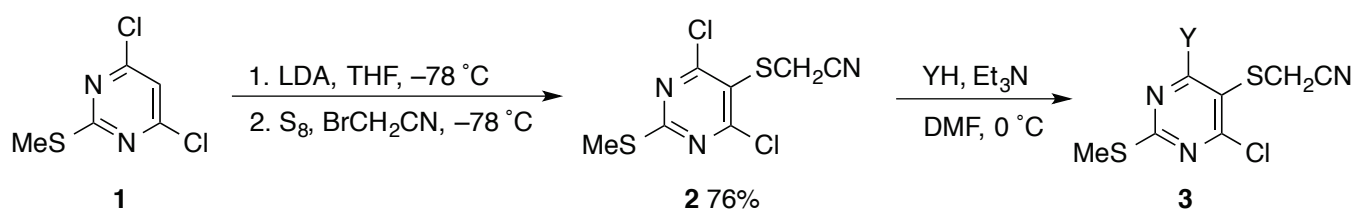
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**Abstract** – An efficient procedure has been developed for the preparation of 7-(alkylsulfanyl)[1,4]dithiino[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile derivatives from 4,6-dichloro-2-(methylsulfanyl)pyrimidine (DCSMP). 2-{[4-Chloro-2-(methylsulfanyl)pyrimidin-5-yl]sulfanyl}acetonitriles are prepared *via* the reaction of the 5-lithio derivative of DCSMP with sulfur and then 2-bromoacetonitrile. These can be converted into the desired products on treatment with carbon disulfide in the presence of sodium hydride followed by alkyl halides. This is the first construction of the [1,4]dithiino[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine structure.

Recently, we developed several new methods to achieve the preparation of pyrimidine-fused heterocyclic systems of potential biological importance starting with 4,6-dichloro-2-(methylsulfanyl)pyrimidine (DCSMP) (**1**) under mild and operationally easy conditions.<sup>1</sup> Herein, we wish to report a facile method for the synthesis of 7-(alkylsulfanyl)[1,4]dithiino[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile derivatives (**6**). It is based on the reaction of 2-{[4-chloro-2-(methylsulfanyl)pyrimidin-5-yl]sulfanyl}acetonitriles (**2**), (**3**) and (**5**), easily prepared by sequences based on successive treatment of the corresponding 5-lithio derivatives

of DCSMP (**1**) or 4-chloro-6-methoxy-2-(methylsulfanyl)pyrimidine (**4**) with sulfur and 2-bromoacetonitrile, with carbon disulfide in the presence of sodium hydride followed by alkyl halides. [1,4]Dithiino[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine is a novel heterocyclic system that has not been reported previously in the literature, though the preparation of a compound involving this heterocyclic system, 2,4,6,8-tetrachloro[1,4]dithiino[2,3-*d*:6,5-*d'*]dipyrimidine, has been recorded.<sup>2</sup>

The synthesis of 2-{[4-chloro-2-(methylsulfanyl)pyrimidin-5-yl]sulfanyl}acetonitriles (**2**) and (**3**) from DCSMP (**1**) was carried out according to the sequence outlined in Scheme 1. To prepare the 2-{[4,6-dichloro-2-(methylsulfanyl)pyrimidin-5-yl]sulfanyl}acetonitrile (**2**), DCSMP (**1**) was treated with LDA in THF at  $-78\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  as described previously<sup>1a</sup> and the resulting 5-lithiated derivative was allowed to react successively with sulfur and 2-bromoacetonitrile at the same temperature to give the desired product in 76% yield. This compound was efficiently transformed into 4-dialkylamino derivatives (**3a**) and (**3b**) in good yields on treatment with secondary amines in DMF at  $0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  in the presence of triethylamine. Similarly, 4-alkyl(or aryl)sulfanyl derivatives (**3c**) and (**3d**) were obtained in fair yields using thiols in place of secondary amines. These results are shown in Table 1. However, when compound (**2**) was treated with methanol under these reaction conditions, the starting material was quantitatively recovered. The reaction of **2** with sodium methoxide resulted in the formation of an intractable mixture of products. After all, 4-methoxy derivative (**5**) was prepared in 57% yield by a successive treatment of 4-chloro-6-methoxy-2-(methylsulfanyl)pyrimidine (**4**) with LDA,<sup>1a</sup> sulfur, and 2-bromoacetonitrile, as shown in Scheme 2.



Scheme 1

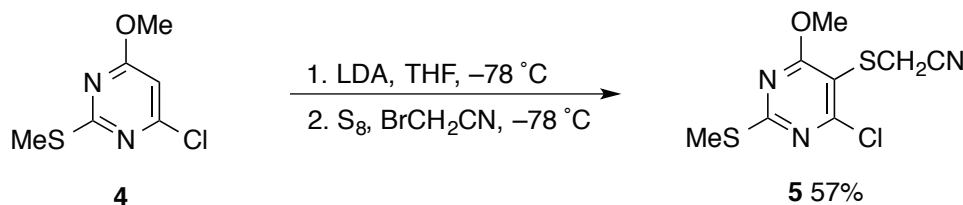
**Table 1.** Preparation of 2-[(pyrimidin-5-yl)sulfanyl]acetonitrile derivatives (**3**)

Entry	Y	<b>3</b>	Yield/% <sup>a</sup>
1	Me <sub>2</sub> N	<b>3a</b>	78
2	piperidin-1-yl	<b>3b</b>	82
3	EtS	<b>3c</b>	70
4	PhS	<b>3d</b>	60

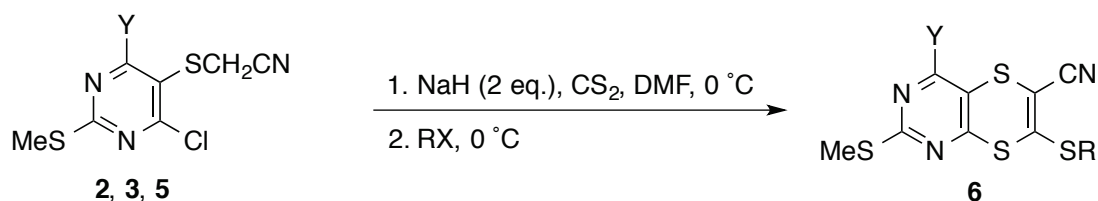
<sup>a</sup> Yields of isolated products.

With 2-{[4-chloro-2-(methylsulfanyl)pyrimidin-5-yl]sulfanyl}acetonitriles (**2**), (**3**), and (**5**) in hand, we examined the reactions with carbon disulfides in the presence of a base. The reaction of these precursors

with excess carbon disulfide in the presence of two equivalents of sodium hydride followed by treatment with alkyl halides in DMF at 0 °C afforded, after aqueous work up and the subsequent purification of the crude products by column chromatography on silica gel, 4-substituted 7-(alkylsulfanyl)-2-(methylsulfanyl)[1,4]dithiino[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine-6-carbonitriles (**6**), as depicted in Scheme 3.



Scheme 2



Scheme 3

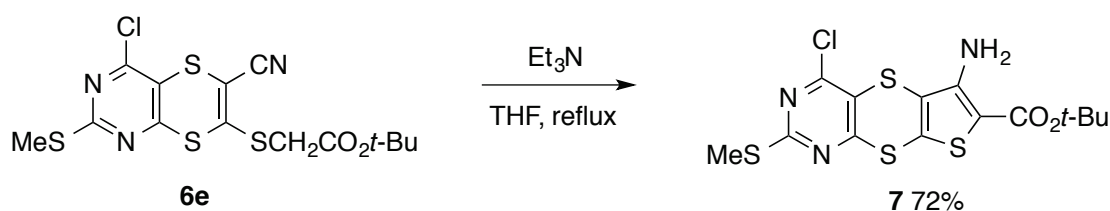
Table 2. Preparation of [1,4]dithiino[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine derivatives (**6**)

Entry	<b>2, 3, or 5</b>	Y	RX	<b>6</b>	Yield/% <sup>a</sup>
1	<b>2</b>	Cl	MeI	<b>6a</b>	88
2	<b>2</b>	Cl	CH <sub>2</sub> =CHCH <sub>2</sub> Br	<b>6b</b>	69
3	<b>2</b>	Cl	BnBr	<b>6c</b>	62
4	<b>2</b>	Cl	PhCOCH <sub>2</sub> Br	<b>6d</b>	50
5	<b>2</b>	Cl	<i>t</i> -BuOCOCH <sub>2</sub> Br	<b>6e</b>	56
6	<b>2</b>	Cl	NCCCH <sub>2</sub> Br	<b>6f</b>	39
7	<b>2</b>	Cl	PhSCH <sub>2</sub> Cl	<b>6g</b>	18
8	<b>3a</b>	Me <sub>2</sub> N	MeI	<b>6h</b>	58
9	<b>3b</b>	piperidin-1-yl	MeI	<b>6i</b>	62
10	<b>3c</b>	EtS	MeI	<b>6j</b>	60
11	<b>3d</b>	PhS	BnBr	<b>6k</b>	43
12	<b>5</b>	MeO	MeI	<b>6l</b>	76

<sup>a</sup> Yields of isolated products.

The results are summarized in Table 2. It indicates that phenacyl bromide and *tert*-butyl 2-bromoacetate are usable in the present reaction to afford the corresponding products (**6d**) and (**6e**) in moderate yields (Entries 4 and 5, respectively). Unfortunately, however, it was found that when 2-bromoacetonitrile was employed, a rather lower yield of the desired product was obtained (Entry 6). This may be due to the higher acidity of an  $\alpha$ -hydrogen of this halide than those of phenacyl bromide and *tert*-butyl

2-bromoacetate. Chloromethyl phenyl sulfide is also usable to give the corresponding product (**6g**), albeit in a low yield (Entry 7). It should be noted that a non-activated halo alkane, such as 1-bromobutane, did not work well in the present reaction; no more than a trace amount of the expected product was obtained. Subsequently, one of compounds (**6**) was further transformed into a novel tricyclic heterocycle system as outlined in Scheme 4. Thus, compound (**6e**) was treated with an equivalent of triethylamine in refluxing THF to afford a thieno[3',2':5,6][1,4]dithiino[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine derivative (**7**) in a relatively good yield.



**Scheme 4**

The above-mentioned results demonstrate that the sodium hydride-mediated reaction of 2- $\{[4\text{-chloropyrimidin-5-yl}]sulfanyl\}$ acetonitriles, derived easily from 4,6-dichloro-2-(methylsulfanyl)pyrimidine (DCSMP), with carbon disulfide followed by alkyl halides provides a facile approach for the synthesis of a novel class of heterocycles, [1,4]dithiino[2,3-*d*]pyrimidines. Major advantages of the present method are that the starting materials are readily available and that the operations are very simple, and it may offer interesting pharmacophores.

## EXPERIMENTAL

All melting points were obtained on a Laboratory Devices MEL-TEMP II melting apparatus and are uncorrected. IR spectra were recorded as KBr disks with a PerkinElmer Spectrum 65 FTIR spectrophotometer.  $^1\text{H}$  and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectra were recorded using TMS as an internal reference with a JEOL ECP500 FT NMR spectrometer operating at 500 and 125 MHz, respectively. High-resolution MS spectra were measured by a Thermo Scientific Exactive spectrometer (DART, positive or ESI, negative) or a JEOL JMS-T100GCV (FI, TOF; 2100V) spectrometer. Elemental analyses were performed with an Elementar Vario EL II instrument. TLC was carried out on Merck Kieselgel 60 PF<sub>254</sub>. Column chromatography was performed using WAKO GEL C-200E. All of the organic solvents used in this study were dried over appropriate drying agents and distilled prior to use.

**Starting Materials.** 4-Chloro-6-methoxy-2-(methylsulfanyl)pyrimidine (**4**) was prepared according to the reported procedure.<sup>1a</sup> *n*-BuLi was supplied by Asia Lithium Corporation. All other chemicals used in this study were commercially available.

**Typical Procedure for the Preparation of Compounds (2) and (5).** **2-[[4,6-Chloro-2-(methylsulfanyl)pyrimidin-5-yl]sulfanyl]acetonitrile (2).** To a stirred solution of LDA (3.0 mmol), generated by the standard method from *i*-Pr<sub>2</sub>NH and *n*-BuLi (1.6 M in hexane), in THF (9 mL) at  $-78\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  was added a solution of **1** (0.59 g, 3.0 mmol) in THF (2.5 mL) dropwise. After 15 min, a solution of S<sub>8</sub> (96 mg, 0.38 mmol) in THF (9.5 mL) and BrCH<sub>2</sub>CN (0.36 g, 3.0 mmol) was successively added. Stirring was continued for an additional 10 min before addition of saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (25 mL). The mixture was warmed to rt and extracted with AcOEt (3 × 20 mL). The combined extracts were washed with brine (20 mL), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated by evaporation. The residue was purified by column chromatography on SiO<sub>2</sub> (Et<sub>2</sub>O/hexane 1:3) to give **2** (0.60 g, 76%); a pale-yellow solid; mp 111–113 °C (hexane/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>); IR 2249, 1526 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 2.60 (s, 3H), 3.67 (s, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 14.7, 19.5, 114.9, 118.6, 166.6, 175.0. Anal. Calcd for C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>5</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>S<sub>2</sub>: C, 31.59; H, 1.89; N, 15.79; S, 24.09. Found: C, 31.46; H, 1.65; N, 15.69; S, 23.97.

**2-[[4-Chloro-6-methoxy-2-(methylsulfanyl)pyrimidin-5-yl]sulfanyl]acetonitrile (5):** a white solid; mp 114–116 °C (hexane/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>); IR 2243, 1545 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 2.57 (s, 3H), 3.59 (s, 2H), 4.11 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 14.5, 19.0, 55.8, 105.3, 115.6, 164.5, 169.1, 173.6. Anal. Calcd for C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>8</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>OS<sub>2</sub>: C, 36.71; H, 3.08; N, 16.05. Found: C, 38.76; H, 2.99; N, 16.18.

**Typical Procedure for the 6-Dialkylaminated or 6-Sulfanylated Compounds (3).** **2-[[4-Chloro-6-(dimethylamino)-2-(methylsulfanyl)pyrimidin-5-yl]sulfanyl]acetonitrile (3a).** To a stirred solution of **2** (0.11 g, 0.40 mmol) in DMF (2.5 mL) containing Et<sub>3</sub>N (40 mg, 0.40 mmol) at 0 °C was added Me<sub>2</sub>NH (50% in water; 36 mg, 0.40 mmol). The mixture was warmed to rt and stirring was continued for 10 min before addition of saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (10 mL). The mixture was extracted with AcOEt (3 × 10 mL). The combined extracts were washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (3 × 15 mL) and brine (10 mL), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated by evaporation. The residual solid was recrystallized to give **3a** (85 mg, 78%); a beige solid; mp 141–143 °C (hexane/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>); IR 2240, 1558 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 2.51 (s, 3H), 3.31 (s, 6H), 3.43 (s, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 14.3, 21.2, 42.1, 100.0, 115.6, 164.7, 166.7, 171.3. Anal. Calcd for C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>11</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>S<sub>2</sub>: C, 39.34; H, 4.04; N, 20.39. Found: C, 39.19; H, 4.03; N, 20.35.

**2-[[4-Chloro-2-(methylsulfanyl)-6-(piperidin-1-yl)pyrimidin-5-yl]sulfanyl]acetonitrile (3b):** a white solid; mp 175–177 °C (hexane/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>); IR 2239, 1534 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (THF-*d*<sub>8</sub>) δ 1.50 (br s, 6H), 2.24 (s, 3H), 3.36 (br s, 4H), 3.45 (s, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (THF-*d*<sub>8</sub>) δ 13.3, 19.5, 24.9, 25.6, 50.0, 103.5, 115.7, 165.7, 166.2, 171.2. Anal. Calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>15</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>S<sub>2</sub>: C, 45.78; H, 4.80; N, 17.80; S, 20.37. Found: C, 45.41; H, 4.77; N, 18.07; S, 20.41.

**2-[[4-Chloro-6-(ethylsulfanyl)-2-(methylsulfanyl)pyrimidin-5-yl]sulfanyl]acetonitrile (3c):** a white solid; mp 106–108 °C (hexane/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>); IR 2246, 1514 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 1.37 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H),

2.55 (s, 3H), 3.15 (q,  $J = 7.4$  Hz, 2H), 3.59 (s, 2H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  13.8, 14.5, 18.7, 26.0, 114.9, 115.1, 164.1, 173.8, 177.5. Anal. Calcd for  $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{10}\text{ClN}_3\text{S}_3$ : C, 37.04; H, 3.45; N, 14.40. Found: C, 36.97; H, 3.41; N, 14.46.

**2-[[4-Chloro-2-(methylsulfanyl)-6-(phenylsulfanyl)pyrimidin-5-yl]sulfanyl]acetonitrile (3d):** a pale-yellow solid; mp 83–85 °C (hexane/ $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ); IR 2246, 1508  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  1.97 (s, 3H), 3.70 (s, 2H), 7.42–7.47 (m, 3H), 7.53 (d,  $J = 7.4$  Hz, 2H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  14.0, 19.1, 113.9, 115.0, 128.2, 129.2, 129.9, 136.1, 164.2, 173.5, 178.0. Anal. Calcd for  $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{10}\text{ClN}_3\text{S}_3$ : C, 45.94; H, 2.97; N, 12.36; S, 28.30. Found: C, 45.85; H, 2.84; N, 12.16; S, 28.45.

**Typical Procedure for the Preparation of Dithiinopyrimidines (6).** **4-Chloro-2,7-bis(methylsulfanyl)[1,4]dithiino[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile (6a).** To a stirred solution of **2** (0.14 g, 0.52 mmol) and freshly distilled  $\text{CS}_2$  (0.20 g, 2.6 mmol) in DMF (4 mL) at 0 °C was added NaH (60% in mineral oil; 25 mg, 1.0 mmol) in several portions and stirring was continued for 1 h at the same temperature. MeI (73 mg, 0.52 mmol) was then added and 15 min later the resulting mixture was worked up as described for the preparation of **1a**. The residue was purified by column chromatography on  $\text{SiO}_2$  (AcOEt/hexane 1:13) to give **6a** (0.14 g, 88%); a pale-yellow solid; mp 133–135 °C (hexane/ $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ); IR 2211, 1509  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  2.57 (s, 3H), 2.68 (s, 3H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  14.6, 18.7, 95.7, 113.6, 119.5, 156.3, 157.6, 165.6, 172.7. HR-MS (DART). Calcd for  $\text{C}_9\text{H}_7\text{ClN}_3\text{S}_4$  (M+H): 319.9211. Found:  $m/z$  319.9208. Anal. Calcd for  $\text{C}_9\text{H}_6\text{ClN}_3\text{S}_4$ : C, 33.80; H, 1.89; N, 13.14. Found: C, 34.05; H, 1.69; N, 13.20.

**4-Chloro-2-(methylsulfanyl)-7-[(prop-2-enyl)sulfanyl][1,4]dithiino[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile (6b):** a yellow solid; mp 80–82 °C (hexane/ $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ); IR 2214, 1635, 1523  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  2.56 (s, 3H), 3.76 (d,  $J = 6.9$  Hz, 2H), 5.16 (d,  $J = 10.3$  Hz, 1H), 5.23 (d,  $J = 16.6$  Hz, 1H), 5.75–5.83 (m, 1H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  14.6, 38.8, 100.3, 113.5, 119.2, 120.3, 131.3, 153.1, 157.5, 165.6, 172.8. HR-MS (DART). Calcd for  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_9\text{ClN}_3\text{S}_4$  (M+H): 345.9368. Found:  $m/z$  345.9362. Anal. Calcd for  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_8\text{ClN}_3\text{S}_4$ : C, 38.20; H, 2.33; N, 12.15. Found: C, 38.04; H, 2.09; N, 12.15.

**4-Chloro-2-(methylsulfanyl)-7-[(phenylmethyl)sulfanyl][1,4]dithiino[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile (6c):** a yellow solid; 119–121 °C (hexane/ $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ); IR 2207, 1511  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (500 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  2.58 (s, 3H), 4.32 (s, 2H), 7.23–7.29 (m, 5H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  14.6, 40.5, 101.3, 113.4, 118.8, 128.1, 128.7, 129.3, 134.5, 152.7, 157.5, 165.9, 172.8. HR-MS (DART). Calcd for  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{11}\text{ClN}_3\text{S}_4$  (M+H): 395.9524. Found:  $m/z$  395.9518. Anal. Calcd for  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{10}\text{ClN}_3\text{S}_4$ : C, 45.50; H, 2.55; N, 10.61. Found: C, 45.34; H, 2.29; N, 10.66.

**7-[(Benzoylmethyl)sulfanyl]-4-chloro-2-(methylsulfanyl)[1,4]dithiino[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile (6d):** a pale-yellow solid; mp 117–119 °C (hexane/ $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ); IR 2210, 1690, 1517  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  2.53 (s, 3H), 4.62 (s, 2H), 7.50 (t,  $J = 7.4$  Hz, 2H), 7.63 (t,  $J = 7.4$  Hz, 1H), 7.92 (d,  $J = 7.4$  Hz,

2H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  14.6, 41.9, 100.2, 113.3, 119.1, 128.5, 129.0, 134.3, 134.9, 152.6, 157.6, 165.6, 172.9, 191.8. HR-MS (DART). Calcd for  $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{11}\text{ClN}_3\text{OS}_4$  (M+H): 423.9473. Found:  $m/z$  423.9467. Anal. Calcd for  $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{10}\text{ClN}_3\text{OS}_4$ : C, 45.33; H, 2.38; N, 9.91; S, 30.25. Found: C, 45.06; H, 2.24; N, 9.66; S, 30.24.

**1,1-Dimethylethyl 2-[[4-Chloro-6-cyano-2-(methylsulfanyl)[1,4]dithiino[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-7-yl]sulfanyl]acetate (6e):** a pale-yellow solid; mp 103–105 °C (hexane/ $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ); IR 2216, 1733, 1513  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  1.42 (s, 9H), 2.56 (s, 3H), 3.78 (s, 2H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  14.6, 27.8, 37.7, 83.4, 100.2, 113.2, 119.2, 152.6, 157.6, 165.6, 166.2, 173.0. HR-MS (DART). Calcd for  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{15}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}_2\text{S}_4$  (M+H): 419.9735. Found:  $m/z$  419.9725. Anal. Calcd for  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{14}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}_2\text{S}_4$ : C, 40.04; H, 3.36; N, 10.01. Found: C, 40.05; H, 3.39; N, 9.97.

**4-Chloro-6-[(cyanomethyl)sulfanyl]-2-(methylsulfanyl)[1,4]dithiino[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile (6f):** a yellow solid; mp 153–155 °C (hexane/ $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ); IR 2254, 2223, 1516  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  2.57 (s, 3H), 3.87 (s, 2H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  14.7, 20.7, 105.5, 112.5, 114.0, 118.2, 147.4, 157.7, 164.4, 173.6. HR-MS (DART). Calcd for  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_6\text{ClN}_4\text{S}_4$  (M+H): 344.9164. Found:  $m/z$  344.9152. Anal. Calcd for  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_5\text{ClN}_4\text{S}_4$ : C, 34.83; H, 1.46; N, 16.25. Found: C, 35.02; H, 1.44; N, 16.12.

**4-Chloro-2-(methylsulfanyl)-7-[[phenylsulfanyl)methyl]sulfanyl][1,4]dithiino[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile (6g):** a yellow solid; mp 82–84 °C (hexane/ $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ); IR 2214, 1514  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  2.58 (s, 3H), 4.53 (s, 2H), 7.18–7.23 (m, 3H), 7.50 (dd,  $J = 7.4, 1.7$  Hz, 2H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  14.6, 43.0, 101.2, 113.3, 118.6, 128.4, 129.0, 132.0, 133.4, 151.2, 157.3, 165.3, 172.8. HR-MS (FI). Calcd for  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{10}\text{ClN}_3\text{S}_5$  (M): 426.9167. Found:  $m/z$  426.9163. Anal. Calcd for  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{10}\text{ClN}_3\text{S}_5$ : C, 42.09; H, 2.36; N, 9.82. Found: C, 42.07; H, 2.24; N, 9.78.

**4-(Dimethylamino)-2,7-bis(methylsulfanyl)[1,4]dithiino[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile (6h):** a beige solid; mp 148–150 °C (hexane/ $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ); IR 2207, 1543  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  2.50 (s, 3H), 2.68 (s, 3H), 3.30 (s, 6H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  14.3, 18.9, 41.0, 95.9, 101.6, 114.5, 160.2, 161.4, 166.8, 169.9. HR-MS (DART). Calcd for  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{13}\text{N}_4\text{S}_4$  (M+H): 329.0023. Found:  $m/z$  329.0007. Anal. Calcd for  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_4\text{S}_4$ : C, 40.22; H, 3.68; N, 17.06. Found: C, 40.13; H, 3.65; N, 17.11.

**2,7-Bis(methylsulfanyl)-4-(piperidin-1-yl)[1,4]dithiino[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile (6i):** a pale-yellow solid; mp 86–88 °C (hexane/ $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ); IR 2214, 1534  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  1.71 (br s, 6H), 2.49 (s, 3H), 2.68 (s, 3H), 3.72 (br s, 4H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  14.3, 18.8, 24.3, 25.8, 49.3, 95.6, 103.4, 114.5, 160.7, 160.8, 166.2, 170.2. HR-MS (DART). Calcd for  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{17}\text{N}_4\text{S}_4$  (M+H): 369.0336. Found:  $m/z$  369.0329. Anal. Calcd for  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_4\text{S}_4$ : C, 45.63; H, 4.38; N, 15.20; S, 34.80. Found: C, 45.62; H, 4.28; N, 15.32; S, 35.10.

**4-(Ethylsulfanyl)-2,7-bis(methylsulfanyl)[1,4]dithiino[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile (6j):** a pale-yellow solid; mp 154–156 °C (hexane/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>); IR 2213, 1508 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 1.40 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 2.56 (s, 3H), 2.66 (s, 3H), 3.23 (q, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 14.1, 14.4, 18.7, 25.1, 95.7, 113.9, 116.5, 157.2, 162.4, 168.8, 171.1. HR-MS (DART). Calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>12</sub>N<sub>3</sub>S<sub>5</sub> (M+H): 345.9635. Found: *m/z* 345.9628. Anal. Calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>11</sub>N<sub>3</sub>S<sub>5</sub>: C, 38.24; H, 3.21; N, 12.16; S, 46.40. Found: C, 37.96; H, 3.02; N, 12.21; S, 46.06.

**2-(Methylsulfanyl)-7-[(phenylmethyl)sulfanyl]-4-(phenylsulfanyl)[1,4]dithiino[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile (6k):** a pale-yellow solid; mp 152–154 °C (hexane/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>); IR 2214, 1518 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 2.01 (s, 3H), 4.32 (s, 2H), 7.23–7.29 (m, 5H), 7.43–7.48 (m, 3H), 7.52 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 14.0, 40.6, 100.5, 113.8, 115.0, 126.9, 128.0, 128.7, 129.2, 129.3, 130.0, 134.7, 136.1, 154.1, 163.4, 168.7, 171.3. HR-MS (DART). Calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>16</sub>N<sub>3</sub>S<sub>5</sub> (M+H): 469.9948. Found: *m/z* 469.9944. Anal. Calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>15</sub>N<sub>3</sub>S<sub>5</sub>: C, 53.70; H, 3.22; N, 8.95. Found: C, 53.59; H, 3.09; N, 8.88.

**4-Methoxy-2,7-bis(methylsulfanyl)[1,4]dithiino[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile (6l):** a pale-yellow solid; mp 149–151 °C (hexane/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>); IR 2204, 1532 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 2.55 (s, 3H), 2.65 (s, 3H), 4.01 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 14.4, 18.6, 55.2, 96.5, 106.4, 114.0, 156.4, 163.9, 164.5, 172.0. HR-MS (DART). Calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>10</sub>N<sub>3</sub>OS<sub>4</sub> (M+H): 315.9706. Found: *m/z* 315.9701. Anal. Calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>9</sub>N<sub>3</sub>OS<sub>4</sub>: C, 38.08; H, 2.88; N, 13.32; S, 40.65. Found: C, 38.00; H, 2.69; N, 13.39; S, 40.60.

**1,1-Dimethylethyl 6-Amino-4-chloro-2-(methylsulfanyl)thieno[3',2':5,6][1,4]dithiino[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine-2-carboxylate (7).** A solution of **6e** (84 mg, 0.20 mmol) in THF (5 mL) containing Et<sub>3</sub>N (20 mg, 0.20 mmol) was refluxed for 8h. After cooling the resulting solution was concentrated by evaporation. The residual solid was recrystallized to give **7** (60 mg, 72%); a pale-yellow solid; mp 170–172 °C (hexane/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>); IR 3472, 3359, 1674 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 1.54 (s, 9H), 2.55 (s, 3H), 5.53 (br s, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 14.5, 28.4, 81.8, 105.0, 117.4, 119.7, 132.5, 148.7, 157.2, 162.9, 167.7, 171.0. HR-MS (ESI). Calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>13</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S<sub>4</sub> (M-H): 417.9579. Found: *m/z* 417.9592. Anal. Calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>14</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S<sub>4</sub>: C, 40.04; H, 3.36; N, 10.01. Found: C, 39.76; H, 3.42; N, 9.86.

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