Hybrid Frame-based Neuronavigation

S un *et al.* have invented a new stereotactic instrument^[1], which is thought to bridge the differences between frameless and frame-based techniques. It consists of a stereotactic frame, which is attached to the skull in a manner comparable to classical stereotactic frames. Instead for guidance of a linear instrument, as for example in the case of a frame-based stereotactic biopsy, it is connected with a visualization system for guidance of multiple instruments, which can be moved in every possible direction. The accuracy is said to be approximately 2 mm, which is again somewhere between the accuracies of frame-based (less than 1 mm) and frameless systems (between 1 and 5 mm).

Since the invention of frameless stereotaxy in the late 1980s and early $1990s^{[2,3]}$ (first description of a frameless stereotactic system by Roberts *et al*^[2] and of the first frameless and armless system by Kato *et al*.^[3] this technology has become an intrinsic part of neurosurgical procedures. Still the accuracy is far lower than that in frame-based procedures due to technical reasons. Therefore the author's efforts to develop a new stereotactic system, which makes use of the best aspects of both principles, are very welcome. Also the system's compactness and low costs make it useful for the future. I am looking forward

to reports of a larger series of patients operated using this system, especially taking the accuracy into account.

Lennart Henning Stieglitz

Department of Neurosurgery, Berne University Hospital, Switzerland. E-mail: Lennart@Stieglitze.de

REFERENCES

- Abrishamkar S, Moin H, Safavi M, Honarmand A, Hajibabaie M, Haghighi EK et al. A New System for Neuronavigation and Stereotactic Biopsy Pantograph Stereotactic Localization and Guidance System. J Surg Technique Case Report 2011 [***In Press]
- Roberts DW, Strohbehn JW, Hatch JF, Murray W, Kettenberger H., A frameless stereotaxic integration of computerized tomographic imaging and the operating microscope. J Neurosurg 1986;65:545-9.
- Kato A, Yoshimine T, Hayakawa T, Tomita Y, Ikeda T, Mitomo M, et al. A frameless, armless navigational system for computer-assisted neurosurgery. Technical note. J Neurosurg 1991;74:845-9.



Announcement

"QUICK RESPONSE CODE" LINK FOR FULL TEXT ARTICLES

The journal issue has a unique new feature for reaching to the journal's website without typing a single letter. Each article on its first page has a "Quick Response Code". Using any mobile or other hand-held device with camera and GPRS/other internet source, one can reach to the full text of that particular article on the journal's website. Start a QR-code reading software (see list of free applications from http://tinyurl.com/yzlh2tc) and point the camera to the QR-code printed in the journal. It will automatically take you to the HTML full text of that article. One can also use a desktop or laptop with web camera for similar functionality. See http://tinyurl.com/2bw7fn3 or http://tinyurl.com/3ysr3me for the free applications.

